



The RELAY

February 2024

The Official Publication of the Arrowhead Radio Amateur Club

A.R.A.C. Inc.

P.O. Box 7164 Duluth MN 55807-7164

<http://www.thearac.org>

Dues: Member \$20/Family \$25

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Radio Frequency Energy Harvesting RF as a Power Source

Nikola Tesla's work with radio-frequency waves laid the foundation for today's radio. He experimented with wireless transmission of electrical power, and received 112 patents for devices ranging from speedometers to extremely efficient electrical generators to a bladeless turbine still in use today. He suggested that it was possible to use radio waves to detect ships (later developed as RADAR), and his work with special gas-filled lamps set the stage for the creation of fluorescent lighting.

If you couldn't imagine life without your TV remote, thank Nikola Tesla for making it possible. Tesla invented, predicted or contributed to development of hundreds of technologies that play big parts in our daily lives -- like the remote control, neon lights, wireless transmission, computers, smartphones, laser beams, x-rays, robotics and, of course, alternating current, the basis of our present-day electrical system.

"Teslas," a unit used to measure the strength of magnetic fields, are named after Tesla. Another namesake is Tesla Motors, the electric vehicle company started by Elon Musk, in homage to Tesla's role in the invention of the electric motor.

Nikola Tesla was born on July 10, 1856, in the Austrian Empire, now Croatia. He was the fourth of five children. After a checkered academic career in Europe, he worked as a telegraph drafter and electrician before moving to the United States to work for Thomas Edison in 1884.

Innovation ran in Tesla's blood. Tesla once wrote: "My mother was an inventor of the first order and would, I believe, have had she not been so remote from modern life and its multi fold opportunities. She invented and constructed all kinds of tools and devices and wove the finest designs from thread which was spun by her." He credited both his parents' influence for his success.

During the war of the currents, alternating current (AC) -- favored by Tesla -- battled for wide acceptance with direct current (DC), favored by Edison. At stake was the basis for



Image: SciTechDaily.com

Spectacular energy image from SciTechDaily.com captioned as follows:
Radio Frequency Energy Harvesting
Technology could make it possible to use radio emissions from cell phone networks to wirelessly power sensors and LEDs

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2024



Join us on
facebook!

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1ST YEAR BOARD



KD9VKI
Justin Cheever

Board Meeting Minutes - January 2, 2024

Present:

Board Members

Gene Ellefsen – NØVRM, Dave Pyriik – KØDJP, Melinda Nelson – KFØGJW, Dave Davis – AAØAC, Doug Nelson - AAØAW, Sam Frey – KEØYTM, Justin Cheever – KD9VKI

Board Advisors (Non-Board Members)

Randy Wabik – KRØB, Grant Forsyth – KCØWUP

Guest:

Meeting called to order by President Gene – NØVRM at 18:40 (6:40 pm)

Minutes:

Minutes were sent via email. Motion to approve Dave Davis – AAØAC. Seconded by Doug Nelson – AAØAW, motion passed.

Treasurer's Report:

Checking:	\$1,781.09
Savings:	\$2,777.45
Repeater:	\$2,070.60
Subtotal Cash	\$6,629.14

Winter CD:	\$1,748.93
Summer CD:	\$0.00
Subtotal CD:	\$1,748.93

Assets Subtotal: \$8,378.07

Motion to accept as presented by Melinda Nelson – KFØGJW, seconded by Justin Cheever – KD9VKI, motion passed.

Testing:

Big test session for the end of class on 1/16/2024 at the House of Refuge. 5:30 PM for registration, 6:00 PM for testing. As always if you are looking to test or upgrade, or know of anyone that is interested in testing please contact Doug Nelson at AA0AW@arrl.net

Repeater:

[Dave Pyriik – KØDJP Nothing at this time for the repeaters.](#)

New Business:

Motion to adjourn by Melinda Nelson – KFØGJW. Seconded by Sam Frey – KEØYTM, motion passed at 19:03 (7:03 pm)





ARAC Club Meeting Minutes

January 11, 2024

Present:

President: Gene Ellefsen – N0VRM
Vice President: Dave Pyrlik – K0DJP
Treasurer/Membership: Sam Frey – KE0YTM
Secretary: Melinda Nelson – KF0GJW
First Year Board: Justin Cheever – KD9VKI
Second Year Board: Dave Davis – AA0AC
Third Year Board: Doug Nelson – AA0AW
Special Events: Open/Gene Ellefsen – N0VRM (acting)
Parliamentarian: Grant Forsyth – KC0WUP
Testing: Doug Nelson – AA0AW
Repeater: Dave Pyrlik – K0DJP
Property/Picnic: Scott Ahlgren – N0VYU
HamFest/Education: Bob Schulz – KC0NFB

Absent:

Chaplin:
Web Site: Thomas Dorr – KE0RHA
Newsletter/Historian: Kim Waller – KE0NQS
Newsletter/Historian: Steve Waller – KE0NQT

Meeting called to order at 19:02 (7:02 PM) by President Gene Ellefsen – N0VRM. Thirty-seven (37) members were in attendance.

Minutes:

Minutes are posted on the website and in the newsletter. Motion to accept by Bob Schulz – KC0NFB, seconded by Grant Forsyth – KC0WUP Motion Passed.

Treasurer's Report:

Checking: \$1,781.09
Savings: \$2,777.45
Repeater: \$2,070.60
Subtotal Cash \$6,629.14

Winter CD: \$1,748.93
Summer CD: \$0.00
Subtotal CD: \$1,748.93

Assets Subtotal: \$8,378.07

Continued on Page 4



ARAC Club Meeting Minutes, cont.

Motion to accept as presented by Mike Lovold – N0PDG, seconded by Paul Dallavia – KC0DWQ, motion passed.

Education:

Bob Schulz – KC0NFB nothing at this time. Diane Saunders – K0DSL will be starting a General Class sometime in March. The details will come out in a little while. If you are interested in upgrading to General Class please reach out to Diane.

Testing:

Doug Nelson – AA0AW we have a testing session next week on the 16th. As always if you are looking to test or upgrade, or know of anyone that is interested in testing please contact Doug Nelson at AA0AW@arrl.net

Repeater:

New Business:

Winter Field Day – January 27, 2024

Silent Key: (Please keep their family in your thoughts)

Door Prize was won by Gregory Scholz – KD0UYN

Motion to adjourn by Bill Fleischman – KC0ZZL, seconded by Justin Cheever – KD9VKI, motion passed at 19:11 (7:11 PM).



CLUB REPEATER

WØGKP

146.94 (-)

CTCSS TONE

103.5



Prez Sez...

Hello Everyone,

Well another Winter Field Day has come and gone. It was a great time. We had about 25 people there on Saturday enjoying great fellowship and good food!! We made 468 contacts!! If you didn't make it this year plan to come next year. A big thank you to Robin and Dave Davis for hosting this event !!!!!

January is over and soon it will be May! You know what May brings: **The ARAC Swapfest** over in Superior, Wisconsin. This is our big fundraiser, so we will be again looking for help setting up, kitchen help and ticket sales. We are well-known as always having a good event, so please consider helping out. Also save your pennies if you are in the market for some used gear, as there is usually a good selection.

73's Gene Ellefsen NØVRM



LOOKING for an Amateur Radio License TESTING SESSION?

Schedule your own Testing Session *TODAY!*

Contact Doug Nelson-AA0AW at aa0aw@arrl.net or 218-391-5874

All Exam Candidates are REQUIRED to have an FCC Registration Number (FRN) before exam day, which will require your email address.

Not Currently Licensed? For New License Candidate FRN registration, go to: www.fcc.gov/new-users-guide-getting-started-universal-licensing-system-uls

Upgrading to General or Expert Class & not sure you have an FRN number?
go to

<https://wireless2.fcc.gov/ULsApp/ULsSearch/searchLicense.jsp>

UPGRADE CANDIDATES:

Please bring a copy of your current license to the exam session.

CW Abbreviations

AR End of Message	AS Pse QRX	BK Back to You	SK End of Contact
TU Thank You	PSE Please	K Invite to Transmit	
QST Calling all Amateurs	QRL Are You Busy?	QRU Have anything for me	
QRV Are You Ready?	QRX Standby	QRS Transit Slower	

A	●■■■	M	■■■■■	Y	■■■■●■■■
B	■■■■●	N	■■■●	Z	■■■■●●
C	■■■■●●	O	■■■■■	1	●■■■■■
D	■■■■●	P	■■■■●●	2	●●■■■■■
E	●	Q	■■■■■●	3	●●●■■■■■
F	●●■■■	R	■■■■●	4	●●●●■■■
G	■■■■●	S	●●●	5	●●●●●
H	●●●●	T	■■■	6	■■■■●●●
I	●●	U	●●■■■	7	●●●●●●
J	■■■■■●	V	●●●■■■	8	■■■■●●●●
K	■■■■●	W	■■■■●●	9	■■■■●●●●
L	■■■■●●	X	■■■■●●	0	■■■■■■■

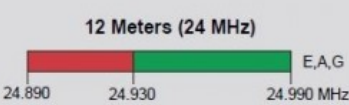
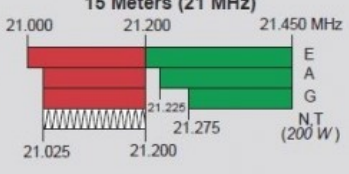
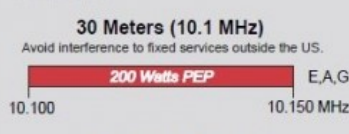
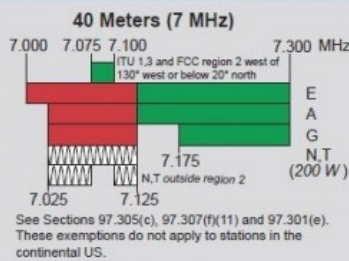
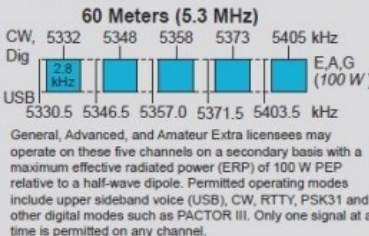
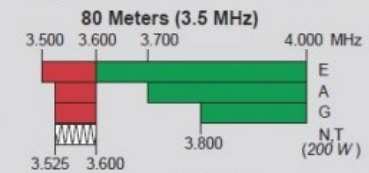
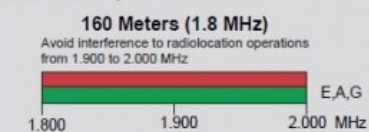
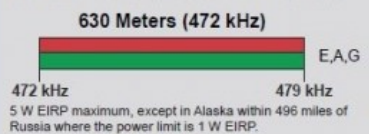
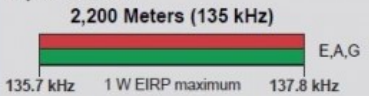


US Amateur Radio Bands

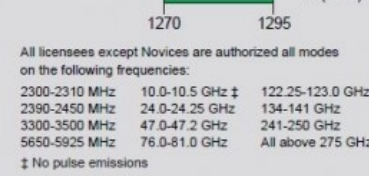
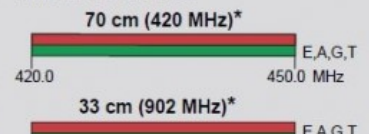
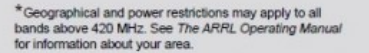
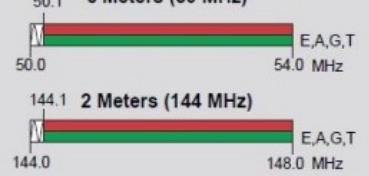
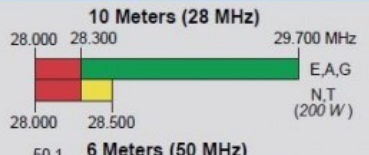
US AMATEUR POWER LIMITS

FCC 97.313 An amateur station must use the minimum transmitter power necessary to carry out the desired communications. (b) No station may transmit with a transmitter power exceeding 1.5 kW PEP.

On March 28, 2017, the Federal Communications Commission adopted rules that will allow Amateur Radio access to 472-479 kHz (630 meters) and to 135.7-137.8 kHz (2,200 meters). However, amateurs cannot use these frequencies until 30 days after the Report and Order is published in the Federal Register and the final procedures for registering stations with the Utilities Telecom Council (UTC) have been approved and announced. At the time this chart was created, the Report and Order had not been published and the UTC online registration site is not yet available. Follow ARRL news for further information. New charts will be published at www.arrl.org/graphical-frequency-allocations when the bands are fully available for use.



Effective Date for
2,200 and 630 Meters
to be announced



KEY

Note:
CW operation is permitted throughout all amateur bands.
MCW is authorized above 50.1 MHz, except for 144.0-144.1 and 219-220 MHz.
Test transmissions are authorized above 51 MHz, except for 219-220 MHz

- = RTTY and data
- = phone and image
- = CW only
- = SSB phone
- = USB phone, CW, RTTY, and data
- = Fixed digital message forwarding systems only

E = Amateur Extra
A = Advanced
G = General
T = Technician
N = Novice

See ARRLWeb at www.arrl.org for detailed band plans.

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email: nowham@arrl.org

Exams: 860-594-0300 email: vec@arrl.org

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Have a favorite HF/6m/2m/1.25m/70cm net that you check into or listen in on? Also, please send corrections and we will add it to the list below - Kim KEØNQS at my email KEØNQS.mn@gmail.com.

- **Northland Weather Group Net:** Mondays 2000 on the ARAC repeater (146.940 MHz with a tone of 103.5 and standard offset).
- **Minnesota D-Star Net:** Sundays at 19:30 on Reflector 53A
- **Minnesota Section Net** 1200 and 1730 on 3.860 [Net Manager: NØYR] http://www.mn-section.org/dept_stm.html
- The non-non-net: Evenings 2000 144.200 USB except for Sunday evenings.
- Badger WX Net: 0500-0715 on 3.985. Give 24 hour high/low/current temperature, precipitation and snowfall.
- **PICONET:** 3.925 from 0900-1100 CT Mon-Sat and 1600-1700 CT Mon-Fri. Info at: <http://www.piconet3925.com>
- Michigan Upper Peninsula Net: 1600 (CST) on 3.921 MHz Sun-Sat and 1200 Sun. Info: <http://www.michupnet.com>
- Great Lakes Marine/Maritime Mobile Net: Morning 07:30 - 3.932; 08:15 - 7.261 MHz and evening 18:30 - 3.1730927; 19:15 - 7.268 MHz. Weekend extra net: 10:00 - 7.261/7.268 MHz. All CST, LSB and +/- QRM. See: <http://www.sailblogs.com/member/glimmnet/>
- MIDCARS: 07:30-13:00 - 7.258 MHz. See: <http://www.midcars.net>
- Iowa snowbird net on 14.257MHz, M-W-F at 10:00 am Local Time. This is an open net.
- Spider Web Net (Marco Island FL) on 14.347 every morning at 0730 CST/CDT: <http://www.spiderwebnet.net>
- Maritime Mobile Service Network: Daily at 1100—2100 Central on 14.300. <http://mmsn.org> and <http://www.14300.net>
- RV Radio Network: Every day at 1900 Central on 7.265 MHz. Web site: <http://www.rvradionetwork.com>
- Upper Midwest Ten Meter Net: Every Thursday Evening @ 8 PM – 28.480 MHz USB
- Wisconsin Sideband Net: Daily @ 5:15 PM – 3985 [or 3982.5] KHz LSB
- Hobby Helpers Net - Tuesday @ 8 PM – 28.330 MHz USB (Isanti MN) LSB [Net Manager: WOØA].
- Northstar Trader Net: 3.908 +/- at 0830 CST Sundays
- WARFA: 3.908 +/- Sun/Tue/Thu nights at 2200 CST, <http://warfa.org/>
- Youth Net: 14.320-14330 Sundays 1800-1900 UTC, Net Control: AC8PI
- YACHT: Saturdays 1900 CST on EchoLink #481872, <http://yachthams.webstarts.com>
- Northwestern Ontario ARES Net: Evenings at 20:15 (Central) on +/- 3.750Mhz
- The Iron Range Net: Saturdays at 0800 Central time on or near 3.919 Mhz. Look them up on Facebook!
- FORX Net: Mondays at 1900 Central at 3.941 Mhz +/- QRM. WAØJXT — Grand Forks, North Dakota
- HF CW: Fridays 08:00 CST, 7.112 MHz. Informal slow speed CW Net. W8IRT NCS. Email: w8irt@aol.com
- Minnesota ARES Digital Net: Thursdays at 2000 CST, 3.5835 MHz USB +/- QRM, Mode: Olivia 8/500.
- SARA Digital Net: Sundays at 1900 Local, 3.582.150 MHz USB +/- QRM, Mode: BPSK31/BPSK63
- Spider Web Net (Marco Island FL): 14.347 every morning at 0730 CST/CDT: <http://www.spiderwebnet.net>
- Broadcaster Net: 7.231 or 3.855 M/W/F @ 1500 UTC. 14.255 M-F @ 2130 UTC. <http://www.cbsretirees.com/ham.htm>
- Old Military Radio Net: 7.268 +/- nightly at 0200z. Other times/Frequencies too. See: <http://www.mrca.ar88.net/>
- Rag Chew Crew/Tailgaters/Freewheelers Nets: 3.916 +/- nightly at 1900 CST, <http://www.tailgatersnet.com>
- North South Net: 7.214.6 +/- at 0700 CST, Monday-Saturday



DULUTH AREA REPEATERS

ARAC System WØGKP

Frequency	Offset	Tone	Location
146.940	minus	103.5	Duluth
146.940	minus	107.2	Lakeside (recv)
146.940	minus	151.4	Two Harbors (recv)
146.940	minus	100.0	Gary-New Duluth (recv)
146.940	minus	110.9	Cloquet (recv)
147.000	minus	103.5	Mahtowa
444.100	plus 103.5		Duluth UHF Link

N9MMU/N9QWH System (WI)

145.310	minus	110.9	Duluth
145.490	minus	110.9	Solon Springs
147.255	plus 110.9		Hayward
145.110	minus	110.9	Rice Lake
147.345	minus	136.5	Holcombe
145.230	minus	110.9	Eau Claire

WECOMM – WI Statewide Linked System WE9COM

147.075	plus 110.9		Meteor Hill (closest repeater to Duluth)
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LSAC System # 1

147.330	plus 151.4		Proctor
147.330	plus 103.5		Duluth (recv for Proctor)
147.270	plus 114.8		Two Harbors
147.270	plus 103.5		Wales
147.090	plus 114.8		Silver Bay
145.410	minus	114.8	Finland
147.300	plus 114.8		Isabella
145.150	minus	103.5	Washburn, WI
146.700	minus	103.5	Bayfield, WI
443.850	+5.00	none	Bayfield, WI
147.165	plus 110.9		Hurley, WI
146.640	minus	151.4	Ely
443.500	+5.00	141.3	Gilbert
147.060	plus 103.5		Virginia
147.360	plus 162.2		Cook
147.165	plus 114.8		Coleraine
443.925	+5.00	110.9	Brainerd
443.200	+5.00	114.8	Tamarack
147.360	plus 203.5		Aitkin
146.865	minus	146.2	Giese
147.570	simplex	146.2	Hinckley
444.575	+5.00	146.2	Hinckley
443.325	+5.00	146.2	Isanti



DULUTH AREA REPEATERS, continued

NARC System NAØRC

147.135 plus 103.5 Knife River
 145.450 minus 114.8 Park Point (rcv)
 147.135 plus 114.8 Knife River - Park Point (rcv)

Stand Alone Repeaters

145.210 minus 110.9 Clam Lake, WI
 146.880 minus 123.0 Grand Rapids, MN
 146.910 minus 146.2 Duxbury, MN
 146.955 minus 146.2 Askov, MN
 147.105 plus 110.9 Chaffey, WI
 444.850 +5.00 141.3 Cloquet, MN

Fusion

Fusion (Analog has tone and C4FM digital with no tone)

147.150 plus 151.4 NTØB Gilbert, MN Fusion Repeater
 145.170 minus 110.9 WA9KLM Superior, WI – Douglas County RACES/ARES Fusion Repeater (Digital only) Fusion Room 28373

145.250 minus 103.5 KBØYHX Cloquet, MN – Carlton County RACES/ARES Fusion Repeater

444.300 +5.00 103.5 NØEO Duluth, MN – Spirit Valley Amateurs Fusion Repeater WIRES-X NØEO (Analog only) Fusion Room 40494

444.400 +5.00 103.5 NAØRC Knife River, MN – Wires X Connected to NØEO Room 40494
 444.500 +5.00 103.5 NØLCR Two Harbors, MN – Wires X Connected to NØEO Room 40494
 444.600 +5.00 103.5 NØLCR Silver Bay, MN – Wires X Connected to NØEO Room 40494
 444.800 +5.00 103.5 NØLCR Grand Marais, MN – Wires X Connected to NØEO Room 40494

D-Star

147.375 plus NØEO D Star
 442.200 plus NØEO D Star

Rev. KCØWDQ as of 10/1/22 For ARAC Newsletter

Elmers

El-mer / el-mər/ [el-mer]

1. a male given name: from Old English words meaning "noble" and "famous."
2. an adhesive used to bond like or unlike materials
3. An experienced ham radio operator who mentors new and prospective hams.

Name	Call Sign	Expertise
Jeff Nast	KCØMKS	APRS, EchoLink, WinLink, Fusion, Contesting
Bob Schulz	KCØNFB	Contesting
Jim Anderson	NØJWA	QsoNet
Doug Nelson	AAØAW	HF, VHF/UHF, Contesting, Packet, APRS, Morse Code, VE testing, Echolink, Allstar, EmCom...

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Members, please check your name and email address for accuracy. If you are not on this list and want to be on the list, contact us with your info. If you need to make a change, please let us know at KEØNQS.mn@gmail.com OR KEØNQT@gmail.com



SUNDAY NIGHT NETS
 1930 - CW - 28.125 MHz USB-CW
 2000 - USB 28.450 MHz
 2100 - Southern St. Louis County
 Emergency Services Net
MONDAY NIGHT NETS
 2000 - Northland WX Net - ARAC Repeater

FEBRUARY

CLUB EVENTS

TUESDAY NIGHT NETS
 2000 - Douglas Cty 145.490 MHz
 2030 - Central Carlton County
WEDNESDAY NIGHT NETS
 1900 - Lake County - LSAC1
 2nd & 4th Wednesdays
 2100 - BWAR

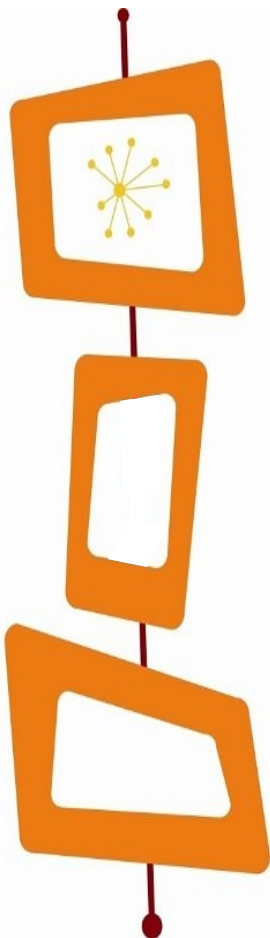
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
				1	2	3
4 CW 1930 AA0AW USB 2000 N0PDG ES 2100 N0VRM	5 WX 2000 KC0MKS	6 ARAC BOARD MEETING Sammy's Pizza 6:30 pm DC Net 2000 CC Net 2030	7 2100 - BWAR	8 ARAC Club Meeting Coppertop Church 7:00 PM	9	10
11 CW 1930 N0PDG USB 2000 AA0AW ES 2100 KE0YTM	12 DC ARES/ RACES Mtg 1900 DC EOC WX 2000 KC0MKS	13 DC Net 2000 CC Net 2030	14 Happy Valentine's Day Lake County ARES/ RACES Meeting 1800 Lake County Net 1900 2100 - BWAR	15	16	17
18 CW 1930 AA0AW USB 2000 KB9WLB ES 2100 AA0AW	19 WX 2000 KC0MKS	20 DC Net 2000 CC Net 2030	21 St Louis County ARES/RACES Meeting 1800 2100 - BWAR	22 Carlton County ARES/RACES Meeting 1900 CC EOC	23	24 ARAC Club Breakfast The Chalet 8 am
25 CW 1930 N0PDG USB 2000 K9KDK ES 2100 K0DSL	26 WX 2000 KC0MKS	27 DC Net 2000 CC Net 2030	28 Lake County Net 1900 2100 - BWAR	29		

Get this newsletter *faster*
via email!

Email Doug AAØAW at
aa0aw@arrl.net

Next Club Meeting:
Thursday,
February 8th, 2024 - 7 pm
at the Coppertop Church!

ARAC Committee Chairs



Club License Trustee:

Ray Barnes KEØZN

Control Operators:

AAØAW - NØKXT - KCØNFB

Newsletter/Historian:

Kim KEØNQS & Steve KEØNQT
Waller

Education Chair:

Bob Schulz KCØNFB

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Scott Ahlgren NØVYU

Testing:

Doug Nelson AAØAW

Field Day:

Picnic Chair:

Scott Ahlgren, NØVYU

Repeater Chairs:

Randy Haglin NØBZZ
Randy Wabik KAØJZV

Contest Calendar at www.contestcalendar.com

National Contest Journal at www.ncjweb.com

QSO Party Note: State/Province/National QSO Parties are abbreviated with the 2 or 3 letter abbreviation for the state/province/national designation followed by QP for QSO Party:

Examples: Minnesota QSO Party is MNQP
British Columbia QSO Party = BCQP

QRZ web site at www.qrz.com

VHF Propagation site at www.aprs.mountainlake.k12.mn.us

Reminder: The Contest Corral monthly listing of contests can be found in each issue of QST. ARRL sponsored contests can be found in Contest Corral, highlighted, or on the ARRL's web site at arrl.org.

the entire nation's electrical system. Edison launched a campaign against AC, claiming it was dangerous and could kill people; Tesla countered by publicly subjecting himself to 250,000-volt shocks to demonstrate AC's safety. Ultimately, Tesla's alternating current won the fight.

Tesla received his U.S. citizenship in 1891, the same year he invented the Tesla coil. Tesla coils are a type of electrical circuit used to generate low-current, high-voltage electricity. Today, they're widely used in radios, televisions and other electronics, and can be used for wireless transmission. A coil at Tesla's experimental station in Colorado Springs, Colorado, created 30-foot sparks that could be seen from 10 miles away.

Tesla designed the first hydroelectric power plant in Niagara Falls, New York, harnessing the power of the waterfalls he had marveled at since childhood. Construction took three years and power first flowed to homes in nearby Buffalo on Nov. 16, 1896. A statue of Tesla on Goat Island overlooks the falls today.

In 1901, Tesla received financial backing from J. Pierpont Morgan to build his Wardenclyffe laboratory in Shoreham, Long Island. The facility included the "Tesla Tower," a 185-foot high structure with a 65-foot copper dome transmitter on the top. Tesla's vision was to use the tower to transmit signals and free, unlimited wireless electricity all over the world.

Tesla was not a savvy businessman and suffered financially, despite his achievements. He lost financial backing from Morgan, who felt he couldn't profit from Tesla's wireless electricity concept, and sold his assets to make up for dual foreclosures on Wardenclyffe. The property was later sold to a film processing company. In 1917, the U.S. government demolished Tesla's partially completed tower because it worried German spies would use it to intercept communications during World War I.

Tesla lived in New York City for 60 years, and remnants of his time there still remain. The corner of 40th Street and 6th Avenue in downtown Manhattan has been designated "Nikola Tesla Corner" -- with its own street sign -- because of its proximity to Tesla's laboratory at 8 West 40th Street, where he worked in 1900 while building his now-infamous Tesla Tower on Long Island. At nearby Bryant Park Place, a plaque commemorates the Engineer's Club, which awarded Tesla the Edison Medal on May 18, 1917. During his later years, Tesla fed pigeons in nearby Bryant Park.

His long-abandoned Long Island laboratory Wardenclyffe is in the process of being restored and will become a Tesla museum & science education center. Last Fall a fire destroyed the progress made on the interior of Wardenclyffe, but the structure remains intact and the museum is committed to restoring the damage and moving forward with the project. You can donate to this important historical site by visiting <https://teslasciencecenter.org>.

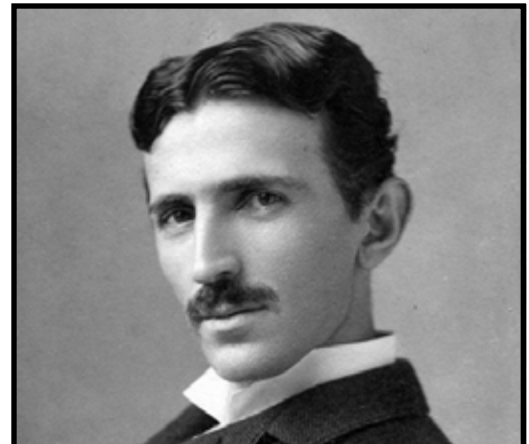
Thanks to Nikola Tesla's early work, wireless transfer of energy is finally being realized today -- from wireless chargers for electric toothbrushes and smartphones, to wireless electric vehicle charging, a technology being researched at the Energy Department's National Labs.

Tesla dreamed of free electricity for humanity and experimented with huge towers that would gather atmospheric electricity, then transmit it wirelessly to receivers in order to continuously supply electricity to all. He did not achieve that noble vision, but his lifetime of dedication to research inspires us today. This brings us to the topic of RF energy harvesting.

In June of 2023, [Saumitra Jagdale](#) authored an article in [Electrical Engineering Times](#) called **Powering the Future Wirelessly with RF Energy Harvesting**. Jagdale gives an overview of various aspects of the **field** of **energy harvesting** saying:

"Energy harvesting is a process of utilizing energy in the surrounding atmosphere for powering various portable devices. Energy can be harvested through different means—through wind, sun, radio frequency and so on. Amongst them, the RF energy-harvesting (RF-EH) system has received much popularity over recent years, as the method offers an alternative yet sustainable approach to supplying power to low-power electronic systems."

For the past decade, researchers from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT), Carnegie Mellon University,



Nikola Tesla about 1890, in his mid-30s.

Image courtesy of the Library of Congress.

Photo is public domain, as is the source text about Tesla, which can be found at:

www.energy.gov/articles/top-11-things-you-didnt-know-about-nikola-tesla

and

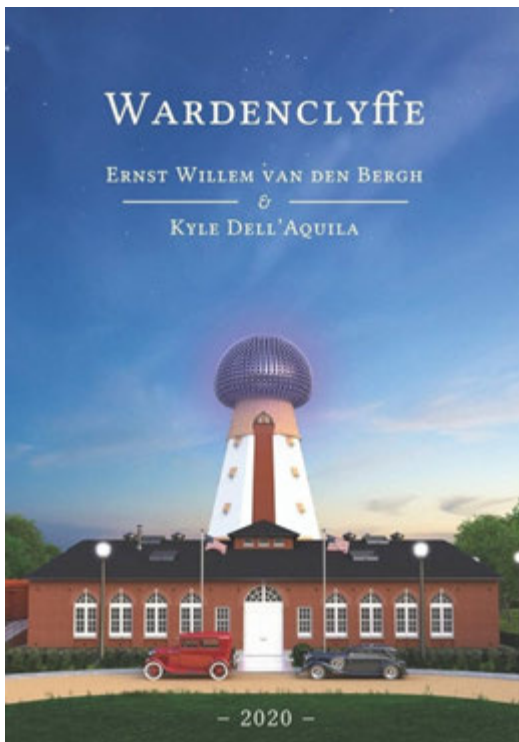
www.eia.gov/kids/history-of-energy/famous-people/tesla.php

Continued on Page 14

University of Central Florida UCF and several others, have sought to perfect methods in the concept of harvesting energy from radio waves to power everyday personal devices such as cell phones, smart watches, fitness trackers, coin-sized GPS tracking devices for pets & objects, GPS eyeglasses, sensors for IoT (Internet of Things) devices in general, and most important of all, implanted medical devices like pacemakers and insulin pumps. So far, excellent progress has been achieved in harvesting RF energy for low power devices. So what does the field of RF Energy Harvesting look like?

In the **EE Times** article, Jagdale explains:

“RF energy harvesting is the process of capturing and converting RF electromagnetic waves into usable electrical energy. It involves the use of specialized antennas and rectifiers that capture and rectify RF signals, transforming them into a direct-current (DC) power source.



“Wardenclyffe” researcher Ernst Van Den Bergh and illustrator Kyle Dell'Aquila reveal the theories, views, experiments and plans for Wardenclyffe – Nikola Tesla's greatest legacy. This combines research from Van Den Bergh's previous 4 books and is a must-have reference of Tesla history. Hardcover \$48.39 at Amazon.com

“This harvested energy can then be utilized to power small electronic devices or stored in energy storage systems for later use. RF energy harvesting is a potential solution for powering wireless sensor networks, **IoT** devices and other low-power electronics. This can be done by harnessing energy from ambient RF signals already present in the environment.

“However, RF-EH (Radio Frequency Energy Harvesting) systems have a limited operating range, which necessitates the device requiring power to maintain close proximity to the RF broadcaster. The efficacy of RF energy harvesting diminishes considerably as the distance between the device and the RF source increases. Another challenge faced is the requirement of a specially designed antenna to receive or transfer RF signals.”

Jagdale also does an excellent breakdown of three techniques in RF Energy Harvesting:

- ◆ **RF-EH from dedicated RF sources**
- ◆ **RF-EH from ambient RF sources**
- ◆ **RF energy transfer (RFET) between mobile devices**

RF-EH from dedicated RF sources

“RF-EH from dedicated sources enables high-power values compared with other methods. A circuit that harvests RF energy from a dedicated source over a short distance is expected to generate power levels in the range of 50 nW/cm². But such promising power levels are also accompanied by path loss, energy dissipation, shadowing and fading, all of which pose challenges. On the other hand, RFET shows promising advantages over non-radiative wireless energy transfer by providing more relaxed coupling and alignment specifications.”

RF-EH from ambient RF sources is further categorized into two sub-parts: static and dynamic sources.

Static Sources

“These sources are characterized as stable-power transmitters. However, they aren't simplified. Signals are modulated—usually by adjusting the frequency and transmitted power—to power the sensor device. Ambient static sources include broadcast radio, mobile base stations and television.”

Dynamic Sources

“These are transmitters that regularly broadcast RF in such a way that isn't monitored. To effectively harvest energy from such sources, an intelligent wireless energy-harvesting system is required to continuously monitor the channel for potential harvesting opportunities. Wi-Fi access points, microwave radio links, police radios and more are a few unnoticed examples of ambient dynamic sources.”

RF energy transfer (RFET) between mobile devices

“RF energy harvesting between mobile devices enables stable power transfer among nearby devices. By utilizing power-splitting or time-switching techniques, these devices can operate sustainably without requiring any modifications to the transmitters. This approach allows for the use of a shared antenna or antenna array for both RF energy harvesting and information reception. For example, mobile devices can transfer RF energy based on information to relay nodes, preventing imbalanced energy consumption.”

Continued on Page 15

A look at some pivotal research & development in Radio Frequency Energy Harvesting in the U.S.

Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Jennifer Chu reported in **MIT News**, what researchers are working on in the field of RF-EH:

“Researchers drew up a blueprint for a terahertz rectifier that consists of a small square of graphene that sits atop a layer of boron nitride and is sandwiched within an antenna that would collect and concentrate ambient terahertz radiation, boosting its signal enough to convert it into a DC current. Terahertz waves are electromagnetic radiation with a frequency somewhere between microwaves and infrared light.

“This would work very much like a solar cell, except for a different frequency range, to passively collect and convert ambient energy,” said Liang Fu, Associate Professor of Physics

“The team has filed a patent for the new “high-frequency rectification” design, and the researchers are working with experimental physicists at MIT to develop a physical device based on their design, which should be able to work at room temperature, versus the ultracold temperatures required for previous terahertz rectifiers and detectors.

“If a device works at room temperature, we can use it for many portable applications,” says Hiroki Isoe, a post-doc in MIT’s Materials Research Laboratory. He envisions that, in the near future, terahertz rectifiers may be used, for instance, to wirelessly power implants in a patient’s body, without requiring surgery to change an implant’s batteries.

Professor Fu adds, “We are taking a quantum material with some asymmetry at the atomic scale, that can now be utilized, which opens up a lot of possibilities.”

Carnegie Mellon University

Rose Eilenberg for Carnegie Mellon reports that researchers there created a flexible two-dimensional rectenna constructed in a layer of molybdenum disulfide (MoS₂), with a thickness of 3 atoms.

“Such a design has allowed a fully flexible device that is fast enough to cover most of the radio frequency bands used by our daily electronics, including Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, cellular LTE, and many others,” says first author Xu Zhang. Dr. Zhang, an assistant professor at Carnegie Mellon’s Electrical and Computer Engineering department. The published research paper lists 15 other co-authors from MIT, Technical University of Madrid, the Army Research Laboratory, Charles III University of Madrid, Boston University, and the University of Southern California.

University of Central Florida

The UCF researchers created a technology that combines power scavenging and spectrum sensing capabilities for ultra-low power applications. As **Bethan Davies** reported in the December 2022 edition of **AZO Materials**:

“The power-hungry radio frequency sensing modules of conventional devices would no longer be required, thanks to the resulting passive module. [UCF’s] innovation uses radio frequency electromagnetic waves, the most prevalent type of communication between IoT hubs and nodes, to harvest ambient energy. The radio frequency to direct current conversion operates in a sub-millimeter footprint and within a lithographically defined frequency range.

“The researchers enabled the invention to handle more intelligent data transmission between IoT nodes and hubs so that the IoT node “understands” the frequency occupancy in its immediate area in order to address the issue of spectrum availability. The UCF zero-power radio frequency-to-direct current conversion scheme could be used to build wake-up radios, which are inactive and ideally consume zero power before being activated. These radios would then scavenge energy from the radio frequency power emitted by nearby modules. Additionally, the module could scavenge the lost radio frequency energy and store it in a capacitor or a battery.”

We hope you found this report on the exciting field of Radio Frequency Energy Harvesting interesting. There’s so much more to learn about this growing field of technology, and it promises to significantly change the way we power our small devices in the not-so-distant future. We’ll plan to report additional advances in RF-EH as they arise. As always, let us know your thoughts on the topic and we’ll publish your comments in a future edition of the Relay. ★



Contest Calendar - February 2024

- + CWops Test
 - + CWops Test

 - + NRAU 10m Activity Contest
 - + SKCC Sprint Europe
 - + NCCC FT4 Sprint
 - + Weekly RTTY Test
 - + QRP Fox Hunt
 - + NCCC Sprint Ladder
 - + K1USN Slow Speed Test
 - + Vermont QSO Party
 - + 10-10 Int. Winter Contest, SSB
 - + F9AA Cup, CW
 - + Mexico RTTY International Contest
 - + European Union DX Contest
 - + FYBO Winter QRP Sprint
 - + Minnesota QSO Party

 - + British Columbia QSO Party
 - + AGCW Straight Key Party
 - + North American Sprint, CW
 - + K1USN Slow Speed Test
 - + ICWC Medium Speed Test
 - + OK1WC Memorial
 - + ICWC Medium Speed Test
 - + RSGB 80m Club Championship, SSB
 - + Worldwide Sideband Activity Contest
 - + ARS Spartan Sprint
 - + ICWC Medium Speed Test
- 0300Z-0400Z, Feb 1
0700Z-0800Z, Feb 1
1800Z-1900Z, Feb 1 (CW) and
1900Z-2000Z, Feb 1 (SSB) and
2000Z-2100Z, Feb 1 (FM) and
2100Z-2200Z, Feb 1 (Dig)
2000Z-2200Z, Feb 1
0100Z-0130Z, Feb 2
0145Z-0215Z, Feb 2
0200Z-0330Z, Feb 2
0230Z-0300Z, Feb 2
2000Z-2100Z, Feb 2
0000Z, Feb 3 to 2400Z, Feb 4
0001Z, Feb 3 to 2359Z, Feb 4
1200Z, Feb 3 to 1200Z, Feb 4
1200Z, Feb 3 to 2359Z, Feb 4
1200Z, Feb 3 to 1200Z, Feb 4
1400Z-2400Z, Feb 3
1400Z-2400Z, Feb 3
1600Z, Feb 3 to 0359Z, Feb 4 and
1600Z-2359Z, Feb 4
1600Z-1900Z, Feb 3
0000Z-0359Z, Feb 4
0000Z-0100Z, Feb 5
1300Z-1400Z, Feb 5
1630Z-1729Z, Feb 5
1900Z-2000Z, Feb 5
2000Z-2130Z, Feb 5
0100Z-0159Z, Feb 6
0200Z-0400Z, Feb 6
0300Z-0400Z, Feb 6

Continued on Page 17



Contest Calendar - February 2024

- + QRP Fox Hunt
 - + Phone Weekly Test
 - + A1Club AWT
 - + CWops Test
 - + Mini-Test 40
 - + VHF-UHF FT8 Activity Contest
 - + Mini-Test 80
 - + CWops Test
 - + UKEICC 80m Contest

 - + AWA Linc Cundall Memorial CW Contest

 - + Walk for the Bacon QRP Contest
 - + CWops Test
 - + CWops Test
 - + NCCC FT4 Sprint
 - + Weekly RTTY Test
 - + QRP Fox Hunt
 - + NCCC Sprint Ladder
 - + K1USN Slow Speed Test
 - + FISTS Saturday Sprint
 - + CQ WW RTTY WPX Contest
 - + SARL Field Day Contest
 - + Asia-Pacific Spring Sprint, CW
 - + Dutch PACC Contest
 - + SKCC Weekend Sprintathon
 - + KCJ Topband Contest
 - + OMISS QSO Party
 - + RSGB 1.8 MHz Contest
 - + CQC Winter QSO Party
 - + Balkan HF Contest
- 0200Z-0330Z, Feb 7
 - 0230Z-0300Z, Feb 7
 - 1200Z-1300Z, Feb 7
 - 1300Z-1400Z, Feb 7
 - 1700Z-1759Z, Feb 7
 - 1700Z-2100Z, Feb 7
 - 1800Z-1859Z, Feb 7
 - 1900Z-2000Z, Feb 7
 - 2000Z-2100Z, Feb 7
 - 2300Z, Feb 7 to 2300Z, Feb 8 and
2300Z, Feb 10 to 2300Z, Feb 11
 - 0000Z-0100Z, Feb 8 and
0200Z-0300Z, Feb 9
 - 0300Z-0400Z, Feb 8
 - 0700Z-0800Z, Feb 8
 - 0100Z-0130Z, Feb 9
 - 0145Z-0215Z, Feb 9
 - 0200Z-0330Z, Feb 9
 - 0230Z-0300Z, Feb 9
 - 2000Z-2100Z, Feb 9
 - 0000Z-2359Z, Feb 10
 - 0000Z, Feb 10 to 2359Z, Feb 11
 - 1000Z, Feb 10 to 1000Z, Feb 11
 - 1100Z-1300Z, Feb 10
 - 1200Z, Feb 10 to 1200Z, Feb 11
 - 1200Z, Feb 10 to 2400Z, Feb 11
 - 1200Z, Feb 10 to 1200Z, Feb 11
 - 1500Z, Feb 10 to 1500Z, Feb 11
 - 1900Z-2300Z, Feb 10
 - 0100Z-0259Z, Feb 11
 - 1300Z-1700Z, Feb 11

Continued on Page 18



Contest Calendar - February 2024

+ K1USN Slow Speed Test	0000Z-0100Z, Feb 12
+ 4 States QRP Group Second Sunday Sprint	0100Z-0300Z, Feb 12
+ ICWC Medium Speed Test	1300Z-1400Z, Feb 12
+ ARRL School Club Roundup	1300Z, Feb 12 to 2359Z, Feb 16
+ OK1WC Memorial	1630Z-1729Z, Feb 12
+ ICWC Medium Speed Test	1900Z-2000Z, Feb 12
+ Worldwide Sideband Activity Contest	0100Z-0159Z, Feb 13
+ ICWC Medium Speed Test	0300Z-0400Z, Feb 13
+ PODXS 070 Club Valentine Sprint	0000Z-2359Z, Feb 14
+ NAQCC CW Sprint	0130Z-0330Z, Feb 14
+ QRP Fox Hunt	0200Z-0330Z, Feb 14
+ Phone Weekly Test	0230Z-0300Z, Feb 14
+ A1Club AWT	1200Z-1300Z, Feb 14
+ CWops Test	1300Z-1400Z, Feb 14
+ Mini-Test 40	1700Z-1759Z, Feb 14
+ VHF-UHF FT8 Activity Contest	1700Z-2100Z, Feb 14
+ Mini-Test 80	1800Z-1859Z, Feb 14
+ CWops Test	1900Z-2000Z, Feb 14
+ DARC FT4 Contest	1900Z-2000Z, Feb 14
+ RSGB 80m Club Championship, Data	2000Z-2130Z, Feb 14
+ CWops Test	0300Z-0400Z, Feb 15
+ CWops Test	0700Z-0800Z, Feb 15
+ NTC QSO Party	1900Z-2000Z, Feb 15
+ NCCC FT4 Sprint	0100Z-0130Z, Feb 16
+ Weekly RTTY Test	0145Z-0215Z, Feb 16
+ QRP Fox Hunt	0200Z-0330Z, Feb 16
+ NCCC Sprint Ladder	0230Z-0300Z, Feb 16
+ K1USN Slow Speed Test	2000Z-2100Z, Feb 16
+ YLRL YL-OM Contest	0000Z, Feb 17 to 2359Z, Feb 18
+ ARRL Inter. DX Contest, CW	0000Z, Feb 17 to 2400Z, Feb 18
+ Russian PSK WW Contest	1200Z, Feb 17 to 1159Z, Feb 18

Continued on Page 19



Contest Calendar - February 2024

- + Feld Hell Sprint
 - + FISTS Sunday Sprint
 - + Run for the Bacon QRP Contest
 - + K1USN Slow Speed Test
 - + ICWC Medium Speed Test
 - + OK1WC Memorial
 - + ICWC Medium Speed Test
 - + Worldwide Sideband Activity Contest
 - + ICWC Medium Speed Test
 - + QRP Fox Hunt
 - + Phone Weekly Test
 - + A1Club AWT
 - + CWops Test
 - + VHF-UHF FT8 Activity Contest
 - + Mini-Test 40
 - + Mini-Test 80
 - + AGCW Semi-Automatic Key Evening
 - + CWops Test

 - + Walk for the Bacon QRP Contest
 - + CWops Test
 - + CWops Test
 - + RSGB 80m Club Championship, CW
 - + NCCC FT4 Sprint
 - + Weekly RTTY Test
 - + QRP Fox Hunt
 - + NCCC Sprint Ladder
 - + K1USN Slow Speed Test
 - + CQ 160-Meter Contest, SSB
 - + REF Contest, SSB
 - + UBA DX Contest, CW
- 1900Z-2059Z, Feb 17
0000Z-2359Z, Feb 18
2300Z, Feb 18 to 0100Z, Feb 19
0000Z-0100Z, Feb 19
1300Z-1400Z, Feb 19
1630Z-1729Z, Feb 19
1900Z-2000Z, Feb 19
0100Z-0159Z, Feb 20
0300Z-0400Z, Feb 20
0200Z-0330Z, Feb 21
0230Z-0300Z, Feb 21
1200Z-1300Z, Feb 21
1300Z-1400Z, Feb 21
1700Z-2100Z, Feb 21
1700Z-1759Z, Feb 21
1800Z-1859Z, Feb 21
1900Z-2030Z, Feb 21
1900Z-2000Z, Feb 21
0000Z-0100Z, Feb 22 and
0200Z-0300Z, Feb 23
0300Z-0400Z, Feb 22
0700Z-0800Z, Feb 22
2000Z-2130Z, Feb 22
0100Z-0130Z, Feb 23
0145Z-0215Z, Feb 23
0200Z-0330Z, Feb 23
0230Z-0300Z, Feb 23
2000Z-2100Z, Feb 23
2200Z, Feb 23 to 2200Z, Feb 25
0600Z, Feb 24 to 1800Z, Feb 25
1300Z, Feb 24 to 1300Z, Feb 25

Continued on Page 20



Contest Calendar - February 2024

- + South Carolina QSO Party
- + North American QSO Party, RTTY
- + NA Collegiate Championship, RTTY
- + World Wide Patagonia DX Contest
- + High Speed Club CW Contest
- + North Carolina QSO Party
- + K1USN Slow Speed Test
- + QCX Challenge
- + ICWC Medium Speed Test
- + OK1WC Memorial
- + QCX Challenge
- + ICWC Medium Speed Test
- + RSGB FT4 Contest
- + Worldwide Sideband Activity Contest
- + ICWC Medium Speed Test
- + QCX Challenge
- + SKCC Sprint
- + QRP Fox Hunt
- + Phone Weekly Test
- + A1Club AWT
- + CWops Test
- + Mini-Test 40
- + Mini-Test 80
- + CWops Test
- + UKEICC 80m Contest
- + CWops Test
- + CWops Test

- 1500Z, Feb 24 to 0159Z, Feb 25
- 1800Z, Feb 24 to 0559Z, Feb 25
- 1800Z, Feb 24 to 0559Z, Feb 25
- 0000Z-2359Z, Feb 25
- 1400Z-1700Z, Feb 25
- 1500Z, Feb 25 to 0100Z, Feb 26
- 0000Z-0100Z, Feb 26
- 1300Z-1400Z, Feb 26
- 1300Z-1400Z, Feb 26
- 1630Z-1729Z, Feb 26
- 1900Z-2000Z, Feb 26
- 1900Z-2000Z, Feb 26
- 2000Z-2130Z, Feb 26
- 0100Z-0159Z, Feb 27
- 0300Z-0400Z, Feb 27
- 0300Z-0400Z, Feb 27
- 0000Z-0200Z, Feb 28
- 0200Z-0330Z, Feb 28
- 0230Z-0300Z, Feb 28
- 1200Z-1300Z, Feb 28
- 1300Z-1400Z, Feb 28
- 1700Z-1759Z, Feb 28
- 1800Z-1859Z, Feb 28
- 1900Z-2000Z, Feb 28
- 2000Z-2100Z, Feb 28
- 0300Z-0400Z, Feb 29
- 0700Z-0800Z, Feb 29

Our thanks to **Bruce Horn, WA7BNM** for use of this calendar!
 Visit Bruce at www.contestcalendar.com/contestcal.html

The ARAC RELAY



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